

Appendix O

Human Health Risk Assessment ProUCL Outputs

Northwest Boundary Area RCRA Facility Investigation Fort Buchanan, Puerto Rico

General UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File Sheet1.wst
Full Precision OFF
Confidence Coefficient 95%
Number of Bootstrap Operations 10000

ALUMINUM

General Statistics

Number of Valid Observations 11 Number of Distinct Observations 10

Raw Statistics

Minimum 21500
Maximum 30100
Mean 25577
Median 25700
SD 3184
Std. Error of Mean 959.9
Coefficient of Variation 0.124
Skewness -0.0202

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum of Log Data 9.976
Maximum of Log Data 10.31
Mean of log Data 10.14
SD of log Data 0.126

Relevant UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.906
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.85

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Lognormal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.901
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.85

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

95% Student's-t UCL 27317

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL (Chen-1995) 27150
95% Modified-t UCL (Johnson-1978) 27316

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

95% H-UCL 27498

95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 29806
97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 31635
99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 35228

Gamma Distribution Test

k star (bias corrected) 51.21
Theta Star 499.4
MLE of Mean 25577
MLE of Standard Deviation 3574
nu star 1127
Approximate Chi Square Value (.05) 1050
Adjusted Level of Significance 0.0278
Adjusted Chi Square Value 1038

Anderson-Darling Test Statistic 0.486
Anderson-Darling 5% Critical Value 0.727
Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test Statistic 0.199
Kolmogorov-Smirnov 5% Critical Value 0.255

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

95% Approximate Gamma UCL 27452
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL 27772

Potential UCL to Use

Data Distribution

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Nonparametric Statistics

95% CLT UCL 27156
95% Jackknife UCL 27317
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 27088
95% Bootstrap-t UCL 27316
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL 26965
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 27082
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 27055
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 29761
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 31572
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 35128

Use 95% Student's-t UCL 27317

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Singh, and Iaci (2002) and Singh and Singh (2003). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

Note: For highly negative-skewed data, confidence limits (e.g., Chen, Johnson, Lognormal, and Gamma) may not be reliable. Chen's and Johnson's methods provide adjustments for positively skewed data sets.

ANTIMONY

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	21	Number of Detected Data	12
Number of Distinct Detected Data	10	Number of Non-Detect Data	9
		Percent Non-Detects	42.86%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.52	Minimum Detected	-0.654
Maximum Detected	4.1	Maximum Detected	1.411
Mean of Detected	1.465	Mean of Detected	0.155
SD of Detected	1.231	SD of Detected	0.648
Minimum Non-Detect	0.81	Minimum Non-Detect	-0.211
Maximum Non-Detect	5.3	Maximum Non-Detect	1.668
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended		Number treated as Non-Detect	21
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	0
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	100.00%
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.646	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.835
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.859	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.859
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	1.321	Mean	0.0376
SD	1.072	SD	0.678
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	1.725	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	1.814
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	-0.045
		SD in Log Scale	0.557
		Mean in Original Scale	1.159
		SD in Original Scale	0.988
		95% t UCL	1.531
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	1.529
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	1.661
		95% H-UCL	1.44
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	1.82	Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Theta Star	0.805		
nu star	43.67		
A-D Test Statistic	1.285	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.741	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.741	Mean	1.193
5% K-S Critical Value	0.248	SD	1.012
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.245
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	1.616
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	1.596
Minimum	0.0385	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	1.611
Maximum	4.1	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	2.397
Mean	1.189	95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.655
Median	1.107	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.627
SD	1.009	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.261
k star	1.572	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.723
Theta star	0.756	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.63
Nu star	66.03	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	48.33	95% KM (t) UCL	1.616
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	1.624	95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	1.627
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	1.664		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

AROCLOR 1254

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	21	Number of Detected Data	1
Number of Distinct Detected Data	1	Number of Non-Detect Data	20
		Percent Non-Detects	95.24%

Warning: Only one distinct data value was detected! ProUCL (or any other software) should not be used on such a data set!
It is suggested to use alternative site specific values determined by the Project Team to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

The data set for variable AROCLOR 1254 was not processed!

ARSENIC

General Statistics	
Number of Valid Observations	21
Number of Distinct Observations	21
Raw Statistics	Log-transformed Statistics
Minimum	3.6
Maximum	72
Mean	28.75
Median	25.9
SD	18.42
Std. Error of Mean	4.021
Coefficient of Variation	0.641
Skewness	0.801
Relevant UCL Statistics	
Normal Distribution Test	Lognormal Distribution Test
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.944
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.908
Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level
Assuming Normal Distribution	Assuming Lognormal Distribution
95% Student's-t UCL	35.69
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL (Chen-1995)	36.12
95% Modified-t UCL (Johnson-1978)	35.81
95% H-UCL	44.79
95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	53.38
97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	63.53
99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	83.47
Gamma Distribution Test	Data Distribution
k star (bias corrected)	1.992
Theta Star	14.43
MLE of Mean	28.75
MLE of Standard Deviation	20.37
nu star	83.68
Approximate Chi Square Value (.05)	63.6
Adjusted Level of Significance	0.0383
Adjusted Chi Square Value	62.26
Anderson-Darling Test Statistic	0.111
Anderson-Darling 5% Critical Value	0.753
Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test Statistic	0.0943
Kolmogorov-Smirnov 5% Critical Value	0.192
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Gamma Distribution	Nonparametric Statistics
95% Approximate Gamma UCL	37.83
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	38.65
95% CLT UCL	35.37
95% Jackknife UCL	35.69
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	35.16
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	36.69
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	36.58
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	35.3
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	35.88
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	46.28
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	53.86
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	68.76
Potential UCL to Use	Use 95% Student's-t UCL
	35.69

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Singh, and Iaci (2002) and Singh and Singh (2003). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

BENZO_A_PYRENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	21	Number of Detected Data	2
Number of Distinct Detected Data	2	Number of Non-Detect Data	19
		Percent Non-Detects	90.48%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.0128	Minimum Detected	-4.358
Maximum Detected	0.0162	Maximum Detected	-4.123
Mean of Detected	0.0145	Mean of Detected	-4.241
SD of Detected	0.0024	SD of Detected	0.167
Minimum Non-Detect	0.00058	Minimum Non-Detect	-7.452
Maximum Non-Detect	0.00077	Maximum Non-Detect	-7.169
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended		Number treated as Non-Detect	19
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	2
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	90.48%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.00169	Mean	-7.633
SD	0.00429	SD	1.131
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	0.0033	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.00184
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	N/A
		SD in Log Scale	N/A
		Mean in Original Scale	N/A
		SD in Original Scale	N/A
		95% t UCL	N/A
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% H-UCL	N/A
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	N/A	Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Theta Star	N/A		
nu star	N/A		
A-D Test Statistic	N/A	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	N/A	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	N/A	Mean	0.013
5% K-S Critical Value	N/A	SD	0.0007241
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.0002235
		95% KM (t) UCL	0.0133
		95% KM (z) UCL	0.0133
		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	0.0152
		95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	N/A
		95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0162
		95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
		95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0139
Assuming Gamma Distribution			
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data			
Minimum	N/A		
Maximum	N/A		
Mean	N/A		
Median	N/A		

SD	N/A	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0144
k star	N/A	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0152
Theta star	N/A		
Nu star	N/A	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	N/A	95% KM (t) UCL	0.0133
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	N/A	95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Meichie, and Lee (2006). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

CHROMIUM

General Statistics

Number of Valid Observations 21

Number of Distinct Observations 21

Raw Statistics

Minimum 22.2
Maximum 189.5
Mean 61.37
Median 46.4
SD 39.7
Std. Error of Mean 8.664
Coefficient of Variation 0.647
Skewness 2.013

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum of Log Data 3.1
Maximum of Log Data 5.244
Mean of log Data 3.97
SD of log Data 0.523

Relevant UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.763
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.908

Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level

Lognormal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.921
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.908

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

95% Student's-t UCL 76.31

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL (Chen-1995) 79.68
95% Modified-t UCL (Johnson-1978) 76.94

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

95% H-UCL 76.82

95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 91.5
97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 105
99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 131.5

Gamma Distribution Test

k star (bias corrected) 3.081
Theta Star 19.92
MLE of Mean 61.37
MLE of Standard Deviation 34.96
nu star 129.4
Approximate Chi Square Value (.05) 104.1
Adjusted Level of Significance 0.0383
Adjusted Chi Square Value 102.4

Anderson-Darling Test Statistic 1.106
Anderson-Darling 5% Critical Value 0.748
Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test Statistic 0.231
Kolmogorov-Smirnov 5% Critical Value 0.191

Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

95% Approximate Gamma UCL 76.26
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL 77.56

Data Distribution

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Nonparametric Statistics

95% CLT UCL 75.62
95% Jackknife UCL 76.31
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 75.2
95% Bootstrap-t UCL 84.83
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL 85.45
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 76.13
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 79.46
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 99.13
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 115.5
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 147.6

Potential UCL to Use

Use 95% H-UCL 76.82

ProUCL computes and outputs H-statistic based UCLs for historical reasons only.

H-statistic often results in unstable (both high and low) values of UCL95 as shown in examples in the Technical Guide.

It is therefore recommended to avoid the use of H-statistic based 95% UCLs.

Use of nonparametric methods are preferred to compute UCL95 for skewed data sets which do not follow a gamma distribution.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Singh, and Iaci (2002) and Singh and Singh (2003). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

COBALT

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	21	Number of Detected Data	16
Number of Distinct Detected Data	15	Number of Non-Detect Data	5
		Percent Non-Detects	23.81%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	5.7	Minimum Detected	1.74
Maximum Detected	37.7	Maximum Detected	3.63
Mean of Detected	11.7	Mean of Detected	2.335
SD of Detected	7.791	SD of Detected	0.459
Minimum Non-Detect	1.7	Minimum Non-Detect	0.531
Maximum Non-Detect	9.3	Maximum Non-Detect	2.23
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended			
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),			
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs			
		Number treated as Non-Detect	12
		Number treated as Detected	9
		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	57.14%
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.626	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.842
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	9.467	Mean	1.935
SD	7.921	SD	0.888
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	12.45	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	16.61
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method		Log ROS Method	
Mean	5.786	Mean in Log Scale	2.125
SD	11.32	SD in Log Scale	0.559
95% MLE (t) UCL	10.05	Mean in Original Scale	9.947
95% MLE (Tiku) UCL	11.65	SD in Original Scale	7.482
		95% t UCL	12.76
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	12.82
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	13.88
		95% H UCL	12.65
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	3.436	Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Theta Star	3.404		
nu star	109.9		
A-D Test Statistic	1.358	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.742	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.742	Mean	10.32
5% K-S Critical Value	0.216	SD	7.037
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	1.587
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	13.06
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	12.93
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	12.86
Maximum	37.7	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	16.98
Mean	9.097	95% KM (BCA) UCL	13.67
Median	8	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	13.25
SD	8.297	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	17.24
k star	0.236	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	20.23
Theta star	38.47	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	26.11
Nu star	9.932	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	3.899	95% KM (BCA) UCL	13.67
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	23.17		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	25.01		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

ETHYLBENZENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	21	Number of Detected Data	1
Number of Distinct Detected Data	1	Number of Non-Detect Data	20
		Percent Non-Detects	95.24%

Warning: Only one distinct data value was detected! ProUCL (or any other software) should not be used on such a data set!
It is suggested to use alternative site specific values determined by the Project Team to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

The data set for variable ETHYLBENZENE was not processed!

IRON

General Statistics	
Number of Valid Observations	11
Number of Distinct Observations	10
Raw Statistics	Log-transformed Statistics
Minimum	26500
Maximum	71400
Mean	36341
Median	32500
SD	13163
Std. Error of Mean	3969
Coefficient of Variation	0.362
Skewness	2.174
Minimum of Log Data	10.18
Maximum of Log Data	11.18
Mean of log Data	10.45
SD of log Data	0.299
Relevant UCL Statistics	
Normal Distribution Test	Lognormal Distribution Test
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.744
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.85
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level	Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level
Assuming Normal Distribution	Assuming Lognormal Distribution
95% Student's-t UCL	43534
95% H-UCL	43625
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL (Chen-1995)	45649
95% Modified-t UCL (Johnson-1978)	43968
97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	56633
99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL	68788
Gamma Distribution Test	Data Distribution
k star (bias corrected)	8.114
Theta Star	4479
MLE of Mean	36341
MLE of Standard Deviation	12758
nu star	178.5
Approximate Chi Square Value (.05)	148.6
Adjusted Level of Significance	0.0278
Adjusted Chi Square Value	144.2
Anderson-Darling Test Statistic	0.745
Anderson-Darling 5% Critical Value	0.729
Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test Statistic	0.226
Kolmogorov-Smirnov 5% Critical Value	0.255
Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Gamma Distribution	Nonparametric Statistics
95% Approximate Gamma UCL	43653
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	45000
95% CLT UCL	42869
95% Jackknife UCL	43534
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	42545
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	51240
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	70070
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	43218
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	45755
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	53641
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	61126
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	75830
Potential UCL to Use	Use 95% Approximate Gamma UCL
	43653

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Singh, and Iaci (2002) and Singh and Singh (2003). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

MANGANESE

General Statistics	
Number of Valid Observations	11
Number of Distinct Observations	10
Raw Statistics	Log-transformed Statistics
Minimum	192
Maximum	782
Mean	486.2
Median	431
SD	208.5
Std. Error of Mean	62.85
Coefficient of Variation	0.429
Skewness	0.484
Relevant UCL Statistics	
Normal Distribution Test	Lognormal Distribution Test
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.888
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.85
Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level
Assuming Normal Distribution	Assuming Lognormal Distribution
95% Student's-t UCL	600.1
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL (Chen-1995)	599.4
95% Modified-t UCL (Johnson-1978)	601.6
Gamma Distribution Test	Data Distribution
k star (bias corrected)	4.326
Theta Star	112.4
MLE of Mean	486.2
MLE of Standard Deviation	233.8
nu star	95.17
Approximate Chi Square Value (.05)	73.67
Adjusted Level of Significance	0.0278
Adjusted Chi Square Value	70.59
Anderson-Darling Test Statistic	0.382
Anderson-Darling 5% Critical Value	0.731
Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test Statistic	0.185
Kolmogorov-Smirnov 5% Critical Value	0.256
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Gamma Distribution	Nonparametric Statistics
95% Approximate Gamma UCL	628.1
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	655.5
Potential UCL to Use	
	Use 95% Student's-t UCL 600.1

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Singh, and Iaci (2002) and Singh and Singh (2003). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

VANADIUM

General Statistics

Number of Valid Observations 21

Number of Distinct Observations 20

Raw Statistics

Minimum 81
Maximum 238.5
Mean 130.9
Median 111
SD 48.43
Std. Error of Mean 10.57
Coefficient of Variation 0.37
Skewness 0.771

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum of Log Data 4.394
Maximum of Log Data 5.474
Mean of log Data 4.813
SD of log Data 0.351

Relevant UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.858
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.908

Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level

Lognormal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.885
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.908

Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

95% Student's-t UCL 149.1

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL (Chen-1995) 150.1
95% Modified-t UCL (Johnson-1978) 149.4

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

95% H-UCL 151.7

95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 175
97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 194.3
99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 232

Gamma Distribution Test

k star (bias corrected) 7.217
Theta Star 18.13
MLE of Mean 130.9
MLE of Standard Deviation 48.71
nu star 303.1
Approximate Chi Square Value (.05) 263.8
Adjusted Level of Significance 0.0383
Adjusted Chi Square Value 261

Anderson-Darling Test Statistic 1.141
Anderson-Darling 5% Critical Value 0.743
Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test Statistic 0.218
Kolmogorov-Smirnov 5% Critical Value 0.19

Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

95% Approximate Gamma UCL 150.4
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL 152

Potential UCL to Use

Data Distribution

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Nonparametric Statistics

95% CLT UCL 148.2
95% Jackknife UCL 149.1
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 147.7
95% Bootstrap-t UCL 151.7
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL 149.1
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 148.5
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 149.4
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 176.9
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 196.9
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 236

Use 95% Student's-t UCL 149.1
or 95% Modified-t UCL 149.4

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Singh, and Iaci (2002) and Singh and Singh (2003). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

General UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File Sheet2.wst
Full Precision OFF
Confidence Coefficient 95%
Number of Bootstrap Operations 10000

1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE

General Statistics

Number of Valid Data	116	Number of Detected Data	18
Number of Distinct Detected Data	16	Number of Non-Detect Data	98
		Percent Non-Detects	84.48%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.29
Maximum Detected	25.55
Mean of Detected	4.254
SD of Detected	7.772
Minimum Non-Detect	0.17
Maximum Non-Detect	0.49

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	-1.238
Maximum Detected	3.241
Mean of Detected	0.351
SD of Detected	1.357
Minimum Non-Detect	-1.772
Maximum Non-Detect	-0.713

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	101
Number treated as Detected	15
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	87.07%

UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.544
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.897

Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.78
SD	3.342
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	1.294

Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method

MLE yields a negative mean

Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.833
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.897

Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	-1.671
SD	1.086
95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.428

Log ROS Method	
Mean in Log Scale	-4.671
SD in Log Scale	3.102
Mean in Original Scale	0.679
SD in Original Scale	3.361
95% t UCL	1.197
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	1.232
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	1.508
95% H-UCL	4.566

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	0.51
Theta Star	8.336
nu star	18.37

A-D Test Statistic	2.205
5% A-D Critical Value	0.794
K-S Test Statistic	0.794
5% K-S Critical Value	0.214

Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data

Minimum	0.000001
Maximum	25.55
Mean	0.66
Median	0.000001
SD	3.365
k star	0.0788
Theta star	8.376
Nu star	18.29
AppChi2	9.597
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	1.258
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	1.268

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Nonparametric Statistics

Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.906
SD	3.303
SE of Mean	0.316
95% KM (t) UCL	1.429
95% KM (z) UCL	1.425
95% KM (jackknife) UCL	1.335
95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	2.396
95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.684
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.522
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.281
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.877
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.046

Potential UCLs to Use

95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.684
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Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

1,2-DICHLOROETHANE**General Statistics**

Number of Valid Data	116	Number of Detected Data	10
Number of Distinct Detected Data	10	Number of Non-Detect Data	106
		Percent Non-Detects	91.38%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.31
Maximum Detected	0.575
Mean of Detected	0.461
SD of Detected	0.0811
Minimum Non-Detect	0.29
Maximum Non-Detect	4.35

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	-1.171
Maximum Detected	-0.553
Mean of Detected	-0.79
SD of Detected	0.19
Minimum Non-Detect	-1.238
Maximum Non-Detect	1.47

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 116

Number treated as Detected 0

Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 100.00%

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.929	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.898
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.842	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.842
Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.237	Mean	-1.646
SD	0.27	SD	0.495
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	0.278	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.237
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	-1.658
		SD in Log Scale	0.452
		Mean in Original Scale	0.211
		SD in Original Scale	0.103
		95% t UCL	0.227
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.227
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.229
		95% H-UCL	0.228
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	22.85	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	0.0202		
nu star	457		
A-D Test Statistic	0.52	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.724	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.724	Mean	0.324
5% K-S Critical Value	0.266	SD	0.0492
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.00495
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	0.332
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	0.332
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	0.354
Maximum	0.575	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	0.332
Mean	0.0524	95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.455
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.413
SD	0.137	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.345
k star	0.0963	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.355
Theta star	0.545	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.373
Nu star	22.33	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	12.59	95% KM (t) UCL	0.332
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	0.093	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.413
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	0.0937		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

1,2-DICHLOROETHENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	94	Number of Detected Data	46
Number of Distinct Detected Data	44	Number of Non-Detect Data	48
		Percent Non-Detects	51.06%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.315	Minimum Detected	-1.155
Maximum Detected	270	Maximum Detected	5.598
Mean of Detected	38.55	Mean of Detected	2.397
SD of Detected	70.31	SD of Detected	1.673
Minimum Non-Detect	0.16	Minimum Non-Detect	-1.833
Maximum Non-Detect	0.27	Maximum Non-Detect	-1.309
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended		Number treated as Non-Detect	48
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	46
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	51.06%
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.549	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.967
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.945	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.945
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	18.92	Mean	0.0351
SD	52.59	SD	2.602
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	27.93	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	94.96
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	0.163
		SD in Log Scale	2.66
		Mean in Original Scale	19
		SD in Original Scale	52.56
		95% t UCL	28.01
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	28.48
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	30.74
		95% H-UCL	131.5
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.487	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	79.19		
nu star	44.78		
A-D Test Statistic	1.89	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.813	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.813	Mean	19.03
5% K-S Critical Value	0.138	SD	52.27
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	5.451
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	28.08
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	27.99
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	27.93
		95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	31.83

Maximum	270	95% KM (BCA) UCL	28.66
Mean	18.87	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	28.48
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	42.78
SD	52.61	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	53.07
k star	0.0971	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	73.26
Theta star	194.4		
Nu star	18.25	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	9.569	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	42.78
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	35.97		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	36.34		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	42	Number of Detected Data	1
Number of Distinct Detected Data	1	Number of Non-Detect Data	41
		Percent Non-Detects	97.62%

Warning: Only one distinct data value was detected! ProUCL (or any other software) should not be used on such a data set!

It is suggested to use alternative site specific values determined by the Project Team to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

The data set for variable 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE was not processed!

ALUMINUM

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	21	Number of Detected Data	17
Number of Distinct Detected Data	17	Number of Non-Detect Data	4
		Percent Non-Detects	19.05%

Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	25.1	Minimum Detected	3.223
Maximum Detected	15100	Maximum Detected	9.622
Mean of Detected	1366	Mean of Detected	5.52
SD of Detected	3633	SD of Detected	1.757
Minimum Non-Detect	31.7	Minimum Non-Detect	3.456
Maximum Non-Detect	174	Maximum Non-Detect	5.159

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	11
Number treated as Detected	10
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	52.38%

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.402	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.94
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.892	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.892
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	1114	Mean	5.138
SD	3293	SD	1.79
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	2353	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	3847
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	5.057
		SD in Log Scale	1.873
		Mean in Original Scale	1111
		SD in Original Scale	3294
		95% t UCL	2351
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	2474
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	3372
		95% H-UCL	4698
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.359	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	3801		
nu star	12.22		
A-D Test Statistic	1.391	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.822	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.822	Mean	1113
5% K-S Critical Value	0.224	SD	3214
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	722.8
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	2360
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	2302
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	2352
Maximum	15100	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	10484
Mean	1106	95% KM (BCA) UCL	2485
Median	98.4	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	2466
SD	3295	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4264
k star	0.159	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5627
Theta star	6943	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	8305
Nu star	6.69	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	2.002	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	8305
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	3696		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	4085		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

ANTIMONY

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	2
Number of Distinct Detected Data	2	Number of Non-Detect Data	46
		Percent Non-Detects	95.83%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	1.9
Maximum Detected	29.8
Mean of Detected	15.85
SD of Detected	19.73
Minimum Non-Detect	1.8
Maximum Non-Detect	10

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.642
Maximum Detected	3.395
Mean of Detected	2.018
SD of Detected	1.946
Minimum Non-Detect	0.588
Maximum Non-Detect	2.303

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	47
Number treated as Detected	1
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	97.92%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	2.799	Mean	0.764
SD	4.066	SD	0.605
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	3.784	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	3.066
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	N/A
		SD in Log Scale	N/A
		Mean in Original Scale	N/A
		SD in Original Scale	N/A
		95% t UCL	N/A
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% H-UCL	N/A

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	N/A
Theta Star	N/A
nu star	N/A

A-D Test Statistic	N/A
5% A-D Critical Value	N/A
K-S Test Statistic	N/A
5% K-S Critical Value	N/A

Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level**Assuming Gamma Distribution**

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data

Minimum	N/A
Maximum	N/A
Mean	N/A
Median	N/A
SD	N/A
k star	N/A
Theta star	N/A
Nu star	N/A
AppChi2	N/A
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	N/A
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only**Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)****Nonparametric Statistics**

Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	2.481
SD	3.985
SE of Mean	0.813
95% KM (t) UCL	3.846
95% KM (z) UCL	3.819
95% KM (jackknife) UCL	20.64
95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	N/A
95% KM (BCA) UCL	29.8
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.027
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	7.561
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	10.57

Potential UCLs to Use

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.027
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Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.**Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.****These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).****For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.****ARSENIC****General Statistics**

Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	13
Number of Distinct Detected Data	13	Number of Non-Detect Data	35
		Percent Non-Detects	72.92%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	1.7
Maximum Detected	274
Mean of Detected	30.38
SD of Detected	73.95
Minimum Non-Detect	1.7
Maximum Non-Detect	6

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.531
Maximum Detected	5.613
Mean of Detected	2.117
SD of Detected	1.435
Minimum Non-Detect	0.531
Maximum Non-Detect	1.792

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 40

Number treated as Detected 8

Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 83.33%

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.418	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.888
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.866	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.866
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	9.768	Mean	1.067
SD	39.47	SD	1.035
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	19.33	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	7.105
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	-0.113
		SD in Log Scale	1.973
		Mean in Original Scale	8.89
		SD in Original Scale	39.66
		95% t UCL	18.49
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	19.87
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	27.21
		95% H-UCL	17.43
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.429	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	70.78		
nu star	11.16		
A-D Test Statistic	1.449	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.792	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.792	Mean	9.628
5% K-S Critical Value	0.25	SD	39.08
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	5.872
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	19.48
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	19.29
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	19.1
Maximum	274	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	66.84
Mean	9.095	95% KM (BCA) UCL	21.39
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	20.72
SD	39.76	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	35.22
k star	0.0892	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	46.3
Theta star	102	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	68.05
Nu star	8.56	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	3.063	95% KM (BCA) UCL	21.39
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	25.41		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	26.28		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

BARIUM

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	38
Number of Distinct Detected Data	38	Number of Non-Detect Data	10
		Percent Non-Detects	20.83%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	9.4	Minimum Detected	2.241
Maximum Detected	1920	Maximum Detected	7.56
Mean of Detected	210.6	Mean of Detected	4.773
SD of Detected	329.6	SD of Detected	1.066
Minimum Non-Detect	14.6	Minimum Non-Detect	2.681
Maximum Non-Detect	198.5	Maximum Non-Detect	5.291
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Number treated as Non-Detect	36
		Number treated as Detected	12
		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	75.00%
UCL Statistics		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.976
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.509	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.938
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.938		
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	175.2	Mean	4.503
SD	300.9	SD	1.133
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	248	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	258.7
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	4.491
		SD in Log Scale	1.112
		Mean in Original Scale	173.6
		SD in Original Scale	301.4
		95% t UCL	246.6
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	253.9
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	289.9
		95% H-UCL	246.9
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.94	Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	224.1		
nu star	71.41		
A-D Test Statistic	1.035	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.777	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.777	Mean	174.2
5% K-S Critical Value	0.147	SD	298.2
Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	43.67
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	247.5
		95% KM (z) UCL	246

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	247.3
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	358.2
Maximum	1920	95% KM (BCA) UCL	259.1
Mean	168.3	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	251.4
Median	88.88	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	364.5
SD	304.2	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	446.9
k star	0.226	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	608.7
Theta star	745.5		
Nu star	21.67		
AppChi2	12.09	Potential UCLs to Use	
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	301.6	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	364.5
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	307.2		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

BENZENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	116	Number of Detected Data	2
Number of Distinct Detected Data	2	Number of Non-Detect Data	114
		Percent Non-Detects	98.28%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.49	Minimum Detected	-0.713
Maximum Detected	0.73	Maximum Detected	-0.315
Mean of Detected	0.61	Mean of Detected	-0.514
SD of Detected	0.17	SD of Detected	0.282
Minimum Non-Detect	0.19	Minimum Non-Detect	-1.661
Maximum Non-Detect	3.25	Maximum Non-Detect	1.179

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 116

Number treated as Detected 0

Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 100.00%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.16	Mean	-2.046
SD	0.201	SD	0.477
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	0.191	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.157
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	N/A
		SD in Log Scale	N/A
		Mean in Original Scale	N/A
		SD in Original Scale	N/A
		95% t UCL	N/A
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% H-UCL	N/A
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	N/A	Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Theta Star	N/A		
nu star	N/A		
A-D Test Statistic	N/A	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	N/A	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	N/A	Mean	0.492
5% K-S Critical Value	N/A	SD	0.0226
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.00302
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	0.497
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	0.497
Minimum	N/A	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	0.647
Maximum	N/A	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	0.492
Mean	N/A	95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.73
Median	N/A	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.73
SD	N/A	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.505
k star	N/A	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.511
Theta star	N/A	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.522
Nu star	N/A	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	N/A	95% KM (t) UCL	0.497
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	N/A	95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.73
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

BROMODICHLOROMETHANE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	116	Number of Detected Data	1
Number of Distinct Detected Data	1	Number of Non-Detect Data	115
		Percent Non-Detects	99.14%

Warning: Only one distinct data value was detected! ProUCL (or any other software) should not be used on such a data set!
It is suggested to use alternative site specific values determined by the Project Team to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

The data set for variable BROMODICHLOROMETHANE was not processed!

CADMIUM

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	7
Number of Distinct Detected Data	5	Number of Non-Detect Data	41
		Percent Non-Detects	85.42%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.5
Maximum Detected	22.3
Mean of Detected	3.9
SD of Detected	8.123
Minimum Non-Detect	0.28
Maximum Non-Detect	1.3

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	-0.693
Maximum Detected	3.105
Mean of Detected	0.199
SD of Detected	1.357
Minimum Non-Detect	-1.273
Maximum Non-Detect	0.262

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 46

Number treated as Detected 2

Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 95.83%

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

**Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set
the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions**

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.494	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.721
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.803	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.803
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.953	Mean	-0.806
SD	3.16	SD	0.881
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	1.719	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.875
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	-2.875
		SD in Log Scale	2.098
		Mean in Original Scale	0.673

SD in Original Scale	3.208
95% t UCL	1.45
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	1.586
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	2.129
95% H-UCL	1.598

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	0.404
Theta Star	9.658
nu star	5.653

A-D Test Statistic	1.34
5% A-D Critical Value	0.749
K-S Test Statistic	0.749
5% K-S Critical Value	0.327

Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data

Minimum	0.000001
Maximum	22.3
Mean	0.753
Median	0.000001
SD	3.309
k star	0.0879
Theta star	8.564
Nu star	8.436
AppChi2	2.99
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	2.123
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	2.197

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Nonparametric Statistics

Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method

Mean	1.017
SD	3.111
SE of Mean	0.486
95% KM (t) UCL	1.831
95% KM (z) UCL	1.815
95% KM (jackknife) UCL	1.779
95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	9.869
95% KM (BCA) UCL	2.009
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.926
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.133
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.049
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.848

Potential UCLs to Use

95% KM (BCA) UCL	2.009
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Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

CHLOROFORM

General Statistics

Number of Valid Data	116
Number of Distinct Detected Data	26

Number of Detected Data	28
Number of Non-Detect Data	88
Percent Non-Detects	75.86%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.2
Maximum Detected	7.4
Mean of Detected	1.795
SD of Detected	1.901
Minimum Non-Detect	0.16
Maximum Non-Detect	2.3

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	-1.609
Maximum Detected	2.001
Mean of Detected	0.0761
SD of Detected	1.032
Minimum Non-Detect	-1.833
Maximum Non-Detect	0.833

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	108
Number treated as Detected	8
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	93.10%

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.783	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.95
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.924	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.924
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.538	Mean	-1.632
SD	1.173	SD	1.164
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	0.719	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.498
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	-2.647
		SD in Log Scale	1.997
		Mean in Original Scale	0.478
		SD in Original Scale	1.187
		95% t UCL	0.66
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.665
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.714
		95% H-UCL	0.966
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	1.024	Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	1.753		
nu star	57.34		
A-D Test Statistic	0.856	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.771	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.771	Mean	0.588
5% K-S Critical Value	0.17	SD	1.143
Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.108
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	0.767
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	0.766
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	0.735
Maximum	7.4	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	0.808
Mean	0.433	95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.872
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.812
SD	1.201	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.059
k star	0.0895	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.263
Theta star	4.842	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.664
Nu star	20.76	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	11.41	95% KM (t) UCL	0.767
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	0.788		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	0.794		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	84	Number of Detected Data	51
Number of Distinct Detected Data	47	Number of Non-Detect Data	33
		Percent Non-Detects	39.29%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.31	Minimum Detected	-1.171
Maximum Detected	261	Maximum Detected	5.565
Mean of Detected	30.75	Mean of Detected	2.159
SD of Detected	60.01	SD of Detected	1.687
Minimum Non-Detect	0.19	Minimum Non-Detect	-1.661
Maximum Non-Detect	0.25	Maximum Non-Detect	-1.386
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Number treated as Non-Detect	33
		Number treated as Detected	51
		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	39.29%
UCL Statistics		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.08
Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.322	5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.124
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.124	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
Assuming Normal Distribution		DL/2 Substitution Method	
DL/2 Substitution Method		Mean	0.438
Mean	18.71	SD	2.52
SD	48.95	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	113.6
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	27.6		
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	0.545
		SD in Log Scale	2.517
		Mean in Original Scale	18.76
		SD in Original Scale	48.93
		95% t UCL	27.64
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	28.09
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	30.92
		95% H-UCL	125.1
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.485	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	63.43		
nu star	49.44		
A-D Test Statistic	1.629	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.814	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.814	Mean	18.79
5% K-S Critical Value	0.131	SD	48.63
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	5.359
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	27.7
		95% KM (z) UCL	27.6

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	27.67
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	31.98
Maximum	261	95% KM (BCA) UCL	28.43
Mean	18.67	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	28.04
Median	1.75	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	42.15
SD	48.97	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	52.26
k star	0.117	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	72.11
Theta star	159.1		
Nu star	19.71		
AppChi2	10.64	Potential UCLs to Use	
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	34.59	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	52.26
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	34.97		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

COBALT

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	21
Number of Distinct Detected Data	16	Number of Non-Detect Data	27
		Percent Non-Detects	56.25%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.6	Minimum Detected	-0.511
Maximum Detected	17.7	Maximum Detected	2.874
Mean of Detected	2.771	Mean of Detected	0.618
SD of Detected	3.651	SD of Detected	0.826
Minimum Non-Detect	0.51	Minimum Non-Detect	-0.673
Maximum Non-Detect	87.9	Maximum Non-Detect	4.476

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	48
Number treated as Detected	0
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	100.00%

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.531	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.941
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.908	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.908
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	2.595	Mean	0.229
SD	6.617	SD	0.914
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	4.198	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	2.576
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	0.0181
		SD in Log Scale	0.899
		Mean in Original Scale	1.644
		SD in Original Scale	2.606

95% t UCL	2.275
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	2.323
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	2.747
95% H-UCL	2.044

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	1.223
Theta Star	2.266
nu star	51.37

A-D Test Statistic	0.89
5% A-D Critical Value	0.761
K-S Test Statistic	0.761
5% K-S Critical Value	0.193

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data

Minimum	0.000001
Maximum	17.7
Mean	1.654
Median	1.096
SD	2.69
k star	0.191
Theta star	8.659
Nu star	18.34
AppChi2	9.634
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	3.148
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	3.213

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Nonparametric Statistics

Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method

Mean	1.718
SD	2.577
SE of Mean	0.389
95% KM (t) UCL	2.371
95% KM (z) UCL	2.358
95% KM (jackknife) UCL	2.363
95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	3.167
95% KM (BCA) UCL	2.436
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	2.428
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.414
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.149
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.591

Potential UCLs to Use

95% KM (t) UCL	2.371
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Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

COPPER

General Statistics

Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	13
Number of Distinct Detected Data	12	Number of Non-Detect Data	35
		Percent Non-Detects	72.92%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	1.5
Maximum Detected	504
Mean of Detected	57.12
SD of Detected	137.1
Minimum Non-Detect	1.1
Maximum Non-Detect	5.9

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.405
Maximum Detected	6.223
Mean of Detected	2.316
SD of Detected	1.86
Minimum Non-Detect	0.0953
Maximum Non-Detect	1.775

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	42
Number treated as Detected	6
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	87.50%

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.457	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.888
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.866	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.866
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	16.39	Mean	0.766
SD	73.66	SD	1.365
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	34.23	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	9.449
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	-0.492
		SD in Log Scale	2.441
		Mean in Original Scale	15.97
		SD in Original Scale	73.75
		95% t UCL	33.83
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	36.56
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	50.52
		95% H-UCL	54.23
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.346	Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	165.1		
nu star	8.998		
A-D Test Statistic	1.107	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.813	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.813	Mean	16.65
5% K-S Critical Value	0.254	SD	72.83
Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	10.94
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	35.01
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	34.65
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	34.39
Maximum	504	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	132.5
Mean	16.38	95% KM (BCA) UCL	38.36
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	36.88
SD	73.82	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	64.35
k star	0.0823	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	84.98
Theta star	199	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	125.5
Nu star	7.904	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	2.68	95% KM (t) UCL	35.01
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	48.33		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	50.08		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

ETHYLBENZENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	116	Number of Detected Data	2
Number of Distinct Detected Data	2	Number of Non-Detect Data	114
		Percent Non-Detects	98.28%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.44	Minimum Detected	-0.821
Maximum Detected	2.15	Maximum Detected	0.765
Mean of Detected	1.295	Mean of Detected	-0.0278
SD of Detected	1.209	SD of Detected	1.122
Minimum Non-Detect	0.203	Minimum Non-Detect	-1.593
Maximum Non-Detect	3.3	Maximum Non-Detect	1.194

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 116
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 100.00%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.182	Mean	-1.969
SD	0.275	SD	0.51
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	0.225	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.174
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	N/A
		SD in Log Scale	N/A
		Mean in Original Scale	N/A
		SD in Original Scale	N/A
		95% t UCL	N/A
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% H-UCL	N/A

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	N/A
Theta Star	N/A
nu star	N/A

A-D Test Statistic	N/A
5% A-D Critical Value	N/A
K-S Test Statistic	N/A
5% K-S Critical Value	N/A

Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data

Minimum	N/A
Maximum	N/A
Mean	N/A
Median	N/A
SD	N/A
k star	N/A
Theta star	N/A
Nu star	N/A
AppChi2	N/A
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	N/A
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Nonparametric Statistics

Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.455
SD	0.159
SE of Mean	0.0211
95% KM (t) UCL	0.49
95% KM (z) UCL	0.49
95% KM (jackknife) UCL	1.561
95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	N/A
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.547
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.587
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.665

Potential UCLs to Use

95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
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Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

HEPTACHLOR**General Statistics**

Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	1
Number of Distinct Detected Data	1	Number of Non-Detect Data	47
		Percent Non-Detects	97.92%

Warning: Only one distinct data value was detected! ProUCL (or any other software) should not be used on such a data set!

It is suggested to use alternative site specific values determined by the Project Team to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

The data set for variable HEPTACHLOR was not processed!

IRON**General Statistics**

Number of Valid Data	21	Number of Detected Data	20
Number of Distinct Detected Data	20	Number of Non-Detect Data	1
		Percent Non-Detects	4.76%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	46.95
Maximum Detected	33300
Mean of Detected	3279
SD of Detected	8515

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	3.849
Maximum Detected	10.41
Mean of Detected	6.172
SD of Detected	1.797

Minimum Non-Detect	25	Minimum Non-Detect	3.219
Maximum Non-Detect	25	Maximum Non-Detect	3.219
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.421	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.896
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.905	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.905
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	3123	Mean	5.998
SD	8329	SD	1.923
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	6258	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	14369
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method		Log ROS Method	
Mean	2850	Mean in Log Scale	5.967
SD	8383	SD in Log Scale	1.988
95% MLE (t) UCL	6005	Mean in Original Scale	3123
95% MLE (Tiku) UCL	5689	SD in Original Scale	8330
		95% t UCL	6258
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	6422
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	7810
		95% H UCL	17555
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.331	Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Theta Star	9919		
nu star	13.22		
A-D Test Statistic	2.346	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.834	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.834	Mean	3125
5% K-S Critical Value	0.209	SD	8128
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	1820
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	6264
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	6118
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	6259
Maximum	33300	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	32472
Mean	3123	95% KM (BCA) UCL	6352
Median	516	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	6324
SD	8330	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	11057
k star	0.247	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	14489
Theta star	12642	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	21231
Nu star	10.37	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	4.177	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	21231
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	7756		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	8352		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

MANGANESE

General Statistics

Number of Valid Observations 22

Number of Distinct Observations 22

Raw Statistics

Minimum 19.2
Maximum 2825
Mean 674.6
Median 228
SD 836
Std. Error of Mean 178.2
Coefficient of Variation 1.239
Skewness 1.45

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum of Log Data 2.955
Maximum of Log Data 7.946
Mean of log Data 5.655
SD of log Data 1.457

Relevant UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.765
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.911

Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level

Lognormal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.965
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.911

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

95% Student's-t UCL 981.3

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL (Chen-1995) 1027
95% Modified-t UCL (Johnson-1978) 990.5

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

95% H-UCL 2337

95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 1990
97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 2524
99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 3573

Gamma Distribution Test

k star (bias corrected) 0.637
Theta Star 1058
MLE of Mean 674.6
MLE of Standard Deviation 844.9
nu star 28.05
Approximate Chi Square Value (.05) 16.96
Adjusted Level of Significance 0.0386
Adjusted Chi Square Value 16.32

Anderson-Darling Test Statistic 0.547

Anderson-Darling 5% Critical Value 0.787

Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test Statistic 0.181

Kolmogorov-Smirnov 5% Critical Value 0.193

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

95% Approximate Gamma UCL 1115
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL 1159

Potential UCL to Use

Data Distribution

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Nonparametric Statistics

95% CLT UCL 967.7
95% Jackknife UCL 981.3
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 967.3
95% Bootstrap-t UCL 1079
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL 990.5
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 978.1
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 1018
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 1451
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 1788
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 2448

Use 95% Approximate Gamma UCL 1115

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Singh, and Iaci (2002) and Singh and Singh (2003). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

MERCURY

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	18
Number of Distinct Detected Data	16	Number of Non-Detect Data	30
		Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.051	Minimum Detected	-2.976
Maximum Detected	3.7	Maximum Detected	1.308
Mean of Detected	0.574	Mean of Detected	-1.343
SD of Detected	0.934	SD of Detected	1.17
Minimum Non-Detect	0.037	Minimum Non-Detect	-3.297
Maximum Non-Detect	0.17	Maximum Non-Detect	-1.772
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended		Number treated as Non-Detect	39
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	9
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	81.25%
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.585	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.911
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.897	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.897
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.246	Mean	-2.476
SD	0.618	SD	1.225
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	0.396	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.283
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	-3.3
		SD in Log Scale	1.866
		Mean in Original Scale	0.227
		SD in Original Scale	0.624
		95% t UCL	0.378
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.393
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.453
		95% H-UCL	0.533
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.67	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	0.857		
nu star	24.11		
A-D Test Statistic	1.503	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.778	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.778	Mean	0.25
5% K-S Critical Value	0.211	SD	0.61
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.0906
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	0.402
		95% KM (z) UCL	0.399

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	0.389
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	0.625
Maximum	3.7	95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.449
Mean	0.215	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.418
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.645
SD	0.628	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.816
k star	0.113	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.152
Theta star	1.899		
Nu star	10.88		
AppChi2	4.497	Potential UCLs to Use	
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	0.52	95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.449
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	0.536		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

METHYLENE CHLORIDE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	116	Number of Detected Data	1
Number of Distinct Detected Data	1	Number of Non-Detect Data	115
		Percent Non-Detects	99.14%

Warning: Only one distinct data value was detected! ProUCL (or any other software) should not be used on such a data set!

It is suggested to use alternative site specific values determined by the Project Team to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

The data set for variable METHYLENE CHLORIDE was not processed!

NAPHTHALENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	3
Number of Distinct Detected Data	3	Number of Non-Detect Data	45
		Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.796	Minimum Detected	-0.228
Maximum Detected	1.51	Maximum Detected	0.412
Mean of Detected	1.064	Mean of Detected	0.0206
SD of Detected	0.389	SD of Detected	0.343
Minimum Non-Detect	0.014	Minimum Non-Detect	-4.269
Maximum Non-Detect	0.034	Maximum Non-Detect	-3.381

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 45

Number treated as Detected 3

Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 93.75%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.842	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.87
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767
Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.077	Mean	-4.244
SD	0.27	SD	1.152
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	0.142	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.0424
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	-2.586
		SD in Log Scale	1.254
		Mean in Original Scale	0.165
		SD in Original Scale	0.269
		95% t UCL	0.23
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.234
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.254
		95% H-UCL	0.267
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	N/A	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	N/A		
nu star	N/A		
A-D Test Statistic	N/A	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	N/A	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	N/A	Mean	0.813
5% K-S Critical Value	N/A	SD	0.102
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.0181
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	0.843
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	0.843
Minimum	N/A	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	0.872
Maximum	N/A	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	0.895
Mean	N/A	95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.51
Median	N/A	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.51
SD	N/A	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.892
k star	N/A	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.926
Theta star	N/A	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.993
Nu star	N/A	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	N/A	95% KM (t) UCL	0.843
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	N/A	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.51
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.
These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).
For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

NICKEL

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	18
Number of Distinct Detected Data	16	Number of Non-Detect Data	30
		Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.8	Minimum Detected	-0.223
Maximum Detected	94	Maximum Detected	4.543
Mean of Detected	15.04	Mean of Detected	1.71
SD of Detected	23.62	SD of Detected	1.454
Minimum Non-Detect	1.2	Minimum Non-Detect	0.182
Maximum Non-Detect	11.8	Maximum Non-Detect	2.468
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended		Number treated as Non-Detect	42
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	6
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	87.50%
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.65	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.916
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.897	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.897
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	6.702	Mean	0.921
SD	15.65	SD	1.115
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	10.49	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	6.979
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	0.668
		SD in Log Scale	1.427
		Mean in Original Scale	6.622
		SD in Original Scale	15.7
		95% t UCL	10.42
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	10.73
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	12.31
		95% H-UCL	9.739
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.55	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	27.35		
nu star	19.79		
A-D Test Statistic	0.999	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.79	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.79	Mean	6.477

5% K-S Critical Value	0.213	SD	15.55
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	2.311
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	10.36
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	10.28
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	10.23
Maximum	94	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	14.43
Mean	7.117	95% KM (BCA) UCL	10.93
Median	1.475	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	10.55
SD	15.9	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	16.55
k star	0.121	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	20.91
Theta star	59.06	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	29.48
Nu star	11.57	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	4.945	95% KM (BCA) UCL	10.93
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	16.65		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	17.12		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

TETRACHLOROETHENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	116	Number of Detected Data	34
Number of Distinct Detected Data	31	Number of Non-Detect Data	82
		Percent Non-Detects	70.69%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.31	Minimum Detected	-1.171
Maximum Detected	33.3	Maximum Detected	3.506
Mean of Detected	6.49	Mean of Detected	1.151
SD of Detected	8.131	SD of Detected	1.272
Minimum Non-Detect	0.27	Minimum Non-Detect	-1.309
Maximum Non-Detect	0.29	Maximum Non-Detect	-1.238

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	82
Number treated as Detected	34
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	70.69%

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.729	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.962
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.933	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.933
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	2.002	Mean	-1.047
SD	5.234	SD	1.576
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	2.808	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	1.841
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	

MLE yields a negative mean

Mean in Log Scale	-1.833
SD in Log Scale	2.466
Mean in Original Scale	1.986
SD in Original Scale	5.241
95% t UCL	2.793
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	2.816
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	3.014
95% H-UCL	8.239

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	0.769
Theta Star	8.438
nu star	52.3

A-D Test Statistic	0.754
5% A-D Critical Value	0.784
K-S Test Statistic	0.784
5% K-S Critical Value	0.156

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data

Minimum	0.000001
Maximum	33.3
Mean	1.902
Median	0.000001
SD	5.27
k star	0.0861
Theta star	22.08
Nu star	19.98
AppChi2	10.84
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	3.507
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	3.535

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Nonparametric Statistics

Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method

Mean	2.121
SD	5.169
SE of Mean	0.487
95% KM (t) UCL	2.929
95% KM (z) UCL	2.923
95% KM (jackknife) UCL	2.884
95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	3.234
95% KM (BCA) UCL	3.112
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	3.007
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.245
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.164
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.968

Potential UCLs to Use

95% KM (t) UCL	2.929
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Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE

General Statistics

Number of Valid Data	116
Number of Distinct Detected Data	37

Number of Detected Data	40
Number of Non-Detect Data	76
Percent Non-Detects	65.52%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.295
Maximum Detected	35.4
Mean of Detected	5.139
SD of Detected	8.937
Minimum Non-Detect	0.16
Maximum Non-Detect	0.387

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	-1.221
Maximum Detected	3.567
Mean of Detected	0.626
SD of Detected	1.327
Minimum Non-Detect	-1.833
Maximum Non-Detect	-0.95

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended
 For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),
 Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 79
 Number treated as Detected 37
 Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 68.10%

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.572	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.899
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.94	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.94
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	1.852	Mean	-1.19
SD	5.729	SD	1.554
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	2.734	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	1.526
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	-2.102
		SD in Log Scale	2.454
		Mean in Original Scale	1.815
		SD in Original Scale	5.74
		95% t UCL	2.699
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	2.764
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	3.04
		95% H-UCL	6.072
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.581	Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Theta Star	8.848		
nu star	46.46		
A-D Test Statistic	3.214	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.803	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.803	Mean	1.965
5% K-S Critical Value	0.146	SD	5.67
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.533
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	2.849
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	2.842
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	2.81
Maximum	35.4	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	3.347
Mean	1.772	95% KM (BCA) UCL	2.972
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	2.884
SD	5.753	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.289
k star	0.0912	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.295
Theta star	19.43	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	7.27
Nu star	21.16	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	11.71	95% KM (BCA) UCL	2.972
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	3.202		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	3.226		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.
These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).
For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

TRICHLOROETHENE

General Statistics

Number of Valid Data	116	Number of Detected Data	75
Number of Distinct Detected Data	71	Number of Non-Detect Data	41
		Percent Non-Detects	35.34%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.25
Maximum Detected	3700
Mean of Detected	189.3
SD of Detected	603
Minimum Non-Detect	0.18
Maximum Non-Detect	0.28

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	-1.386
Maximum Detected	8.216
Mean of Detected	3.226
SD of Detected	2.148
Minimum Non-Detect	-1.715
Maximum Non-Detect	-1.273

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	42
Number treated as Detected	74
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	36.21%

UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.396
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.102

Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level

Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Lilliefors Test Statistic	0.0946
5% Lilliefors Critical Value	0.102

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	122.5
SD	492.2
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	198.2

Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method N/A

MLE yields a negative mean

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	1.327
SD	3.103
95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	1841

Log ROS Method

Mean in Log Scale 1.472

SD in Log Scale 3.031

Mean in Original Scale 122.5

SD in Original Scale 492.1

95% t UCL 198.3

95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 204.2

95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 242

95% H-UCL 1610

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	0.331
Theta Star	572
nu star	49.65

A-D Test Statistic 3.404

5% A-D Critical Value 0.857

K-S Test Statistic 0.857

5% K-S Critical Value 0.111

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Nonparametric Statistics

Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method

Mean 122.5

SD 490

Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

SE of Mean 45.8

95% KM (t) UCL 198.5

Assuming Gamma Distribution

95% KM (z) UCL 197.8

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data

95% KM (jackknife) UCL 198.1

Minimum 0.000001

95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL 340.5

Maximum 3700

95% KM (BCA) UCL 206.8

Mean 122.4

95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL 204.5

Median 5.225

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 322.2

SD 492.2

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 408.5

k star 0.109

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 578.2

Theta star 1123

Nu star 25.29

Potential UCLs to Use

AppChi2 14.83

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 408.5

95% Gamma Approximate UCL 208.7

95% Adjusted Gamma UCL 210.1

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

VANADIUM

General Statistics

Number of Valid Data 48

Number of Detected Data 22

Number of Distinct Detected Data 20

Number of Non-Detect Data 26

Percent Non-Detects 54.17%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected 0.7

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected -0.357

Maximum Detected 1200

Maximum Detected 7.09

Mean of Detected 62.55

Mean of Detected 1.431

SD of Detected 254.9

SD of Detected 1.689

Minimum Non-Detect 0.9

Minimum Non-Detect -0.105

Maximum Non-Detect 9.7

Maximum Non-Detect 2.272

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 43

Number treated as Detected 5

Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 89.58%

UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.255

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.784

5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.911

5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.911

Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level

Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

DL/2 Substitution Method

DL/2 Substitution Method

Mean 29.25

Mean 0.638

SD 173.1

SD 1.377

95% DL/2 (t) UCL 71.18

95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL 8.526

Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method N/A

Log ROS Method

MLE yields a negative mean

Mean in Log Scale 0.279

SD in Log Scale	1.708
Mean in Original Scale	29.05
SD in Original Scale	173.2
95% t UCL	70.99
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	78.45
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	127.1
95% H-UCL	12.63

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	0.256
Theta Star	244.7
nu star	11.24

A-D Test Statistic	4.613
5% A-D Critical Value	0.865
K-S Test Statistic	0.865
5% K-S Critical Value	0.203

Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data

Minimum	0.000001
Maximum	1200
Mean	28.67
Median	0.000001
SD	173.2
k star	0.0905
Theta star	316.8
Nu star	8.688
AppChi2	3.14
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	79.33
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	82.02

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Nonparametric Statistics

Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method

Mean	29.23
SD	171.3
SE of Mean	25.31
95% KM (t) UCL	71.7
95% KM (z) UCL	70.87
95% KM (jackknife) UCL	71.17
95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	1733
95% KM (BCA) UCL	79.43
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	78.67
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	139.6
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	187.3
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	281.1

Potential UCLs to Use

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	139.6
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Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

VINYL CHLORIDE

General Statistics

Number of Valid Data	116
Number of Distinct Detected Data	13

Number of Detected Data	14
Number of Non-Detect Data	102
Percent Non-Detects	87.93%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.45
Maximum Detected	25.6
Mean of Detected	6.407
SD of Detected	7.923
Minimum Non-Detect	0.21
Maximum Non-Detect	4.4

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	-0.799
Maximum Detected	3.243
Mean of Detected	1.049
SD of Detected	1.383
Minimum Non-Detect	-1.561
Maximum Non-Detect	1.482

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

Number treated as Non-Detect	111
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For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Detected 5
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 95.69%

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.769	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.916
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.874	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.874
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.92	Mean	-1.641
SD	3.364	SD	1.193
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	1.438	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.516
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	-4.671
		SD in Log Scale	3.202
		Mean in Original Scale	0.803
		SD in Original Scale	3.384
		95% t UCL	1.324
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	1.349
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	1.561
		95% H-UCL	6.79
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.63	Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	10.16		
nu star	17.65		
A-D Test Statistic	0.652	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.771	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.771	Mean	1.17
5% K-S Critical Value	0.238	SD	3.287
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.317
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	1.695
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	1.691
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	1.598
Maximum	25.6	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	2.032
Mean	0.773	95% KM (BCA) UCL	2.049
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.805
SD	3.39	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.55
k star	0.0757	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.148
Theta star	10.22	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.321
Nu star	17.55	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	9.069	95% KM (t) UCL	1.695
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	1.497		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	1.509		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

General UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File Sheet3.wst
Full Precision OFF
Confidence Coefficient 95%
Number of Bootstrap Operations 10000

ANTIMONY

General Statistics

Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	2
Number of Distinct Detected Data	2	Number of Non-Detect Data	46
		Percent Non-Detects	95.83%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	1.8
Maximum Detected	6.1
Mean of Detected	3.95
SD of Detected	3.041
Minimum Non-Detect	1.8
Maximum Non-Detect	5.7

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.588
Maximum Detected	1.808
Mean of Detected	1.198
SD of Detected	0.863
Minimum Non-Detect	0.588
Maximum Non-Detect	1.74

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	47
Number treated as Detected	1
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	97.92%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A

Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level

Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	N/A
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	N/A

Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	2.251
SD	0.92
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	2.474

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.715
SD	0.475
95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	2.605

Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	N/A
		SD in Log Scale	N/A
		Mean in Original Scale	N/A
		SD in Original Scale	N/A
		95% t UCL	N/A
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	N/A
		95% H-UCL	N/A
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	N/A	Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Theta Star	N/A		
nu star	N/A		
		Nonparametric Statistics	
A-D Test Statistic	N/A	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
5% A-D Critical Value	N/A	Mean	1.89
K-S Test Statistic	N/A	SD	0.614
5% K-S Critical Value	N/A	SE of Mean	0.125
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		95% KM (t) UCL	2.1
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (z) UCL	2.096
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	4.688
Minimum	N/A	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	1.89
Maximum	N/A	95% KM (BCA) UCL	6.1
Mean	N/A	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	6.1
Median	N/A	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.436
SD	N/A	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.672
k star	N/A	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.137
Theta star	N/A		
Nu star	N/A	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	N/A	95% KM (t) UCL	2.1
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	N/A	95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	6.1
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

ARSENIC

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	11
Number of Distinct Detected Data	10	Number of Non-Detect Data	37
		Percent Non-Detects	77.08%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	1.7	Minimum Detected	0.531
Maximum Detected	30.8	Maximum Detected	3.428
Mean of Detected	8.6	Mean of Detected	1.782
SD of Detected	8.42	SD of Detected	0.909
Minimum Non-Detect	1.7	Minimum Non-Detect	0.531
Maximum Non-Detect	6	Maximum Non-Detect	1.792
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended		Number treated as Non-Detect	42
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	6
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	87.50%
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.758	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.934
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.85	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.85
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	3.557	Mean	0.89
SD	4.825	SD	0.771
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	4.725	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	4.155
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	-0.284
		SD in Log Scale	1.557
		Mean in Original Scale	2.502
		SD in Original Scale	5.173
		95% t UCL	3.755
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	3.822
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	4.384
		95% H-UCL	5
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	1.15	Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	7.476		
nu star	25.31		
A-D Test Statistic	0.405	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.742	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.742	Mean	3.342
5% K-S Critical Value	0.26	SD	4.812
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.732
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	4.569
		95% KM (z) UCL	4.545

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	4.47
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	5.794
Maximum	30.8	95% KM (BCA) UCL	6.444
Mean	2.149	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	5.624
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.53
SD	5.319	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	7.91
k star	0.0912	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	10.62
Theta star	23.57		
Nu star	8.752		
AppChi2	3.178	Potential UCLs to Use	
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	5.918	95% KM (t) UCL	4.569
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	6.118		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

BARIUM

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	38
Number of Distinct Detected Data	37	Number of Non-Detect Data	10
		Percent Non-Detects	20.83%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	8.9	Minimum Detected	2.186
Maximum Detected	1140	Maximum Detected	7.039
Mean of Detected	166.5	Mean of Detected	4.678
SD of Detected	192.5	SD of Detected	0.986
Minimum Non-Detect	15.3	Minimum Non-Detect	2.728
Maximum Non-Detect	192	Maximum Non-Detect	5.257
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended		Number treated as Non-Detect	36
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	12
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	75.00%
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.64	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.977
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.938	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.938
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	140.1	Mean	4.421
SD	179	SD	1.06
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	183.4	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	211.6
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	4.417
		SD in Log Scale	1.03
		Mean in Original Scale	138.8
		SD in Original Scale	179.4
		95% t UCL	182.2
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	185.4
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	203.1
		95% H-UCL	201
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	1.2	Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	138.8		
nu star	91.17		
A-D Test Statistic	0.413	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.771	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.771	Mean	139.1
5% K-S Critical Value	0.147	SD	177.8
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	26.06
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	182.8
		95% KM (z) UCL	182

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	182.7
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	215.1
Maximum	1140	95% KM (BCA) UCL	187.9
Mean	135.3	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	185.7
Median	85.45	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	252.7
SD	181.9	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	301.9
k star	0.239	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	398.4
Theta star	565		
Nu star	22.99	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	13.08	95% KM (BCA) UCL	187.9
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	237.8		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	242.1		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

COBALT

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	16
Number of Distinct Detected Data	14	Number of Non-Detect Data	32
		Percent Non-Detects	66.67%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.9	Minimum Detected	-0.105
Maximum Detected	3.7	Maximum Detected	1.308
Mean of Detected	2.006	Mean of Detected	0.602
SD of Detected	0.888	SD of Detected	0.452
Minimum Non-Detect	0.51	Minimum Non-Detect	-0.673
Maximum Non-Detect	3.55	Maximum Non-Detect	1.267
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended		Number treated as Non-Detect	46
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	2
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	95.83%
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.921	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.95
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.887
Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	1.171	Mean	-0.0703
SD	0.825	SD	0.702
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	1.37	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	1.469
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	-0.0568
		SD in Log Scale	0.649
		Mean in Original Scale	1.167
		SD in Original Scale	0.827
		95% t UCL	1.368
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	1.371
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	1.39
		95% H-UCL	1.409
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	4.515	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	0.444		
nu star	144.5		
A-D Test Statistic	0.291	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.741	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.741	Mean	1.332
5% K-S Critical Value	0.216	SD	0.71
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.112
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	1.519
		95% KM (z) UCL	1.516

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	1.495
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	1.537
Maximum	3.7	95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.617
Mean	0.87	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.562
Median	0.265	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.819
SD	1.064	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.029
k star	0.135	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.443
Theta star	6.448		
Nu star	12.96	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	5.865	95% KM (t) UCL	1.519
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	1.923	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.562
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	1.973		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

IRON

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	14	Number of Detected Data	8
Number of Distinct Detected Data	8	Number of Non-Detect Data	6
		Percent Non-Detects	42.86%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	14.8	Minimum Detected	2.695
Maximum Detected	21300	Maximum Detected	9.966
Mean of Detected	2689	Mean of Detected	4.07
SD of Detected	7520	SD of Detected	2.444
Minimum Non-Detect	7.4	Minimum Non-Detect	2.001
Maximum Non-Detect	7.4	Maximum Non-Detect	2.001

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

**Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set
the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions**

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.421	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.607
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.818	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.818
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data not Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	1538	Mean	2.886
SD	5688	SD	2.286
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	4230	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	6850
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE yields a negative mean		Mean in Log Scale	1.61
		SD in Log Scale	3.609
		Mean in Original Scale	1537
		SD in Original Scale	5688
		95% t UCL	4229
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	4576
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	6100
		95% H-UCL	10405734
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.204	Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Theta Star	13170		
nu star	3.266		
A-D Test Statistic	2.049	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.838	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.838	Mean	1543

5% K-S Critical Value	0.324	SD	5480
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	1566
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	4315
		95% KM (z) UCL	4118
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	4233
		95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	1119891
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (BCA) UCL	4583
Maximum	21300	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	4581
Mean	1536	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	8367
Median	15.8	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	11320
SD	5688	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	17121
k star	0.108	Potential UCLs to Use	
Theta star	14244		
Nu star	3.02	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	17121
AppChi2	0.378		
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	12262		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	16336		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL. These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

MANGANESE

General Statistics

Number of Valid Observations 14

Number of Distinct Observations 14

Raw Statistics

Minimum 52
Maximum 2715
Mean 726.7
Median 585.5
SD 772.9
Std. Error of Mean 206.6
Coefficient of Variation 1.064
Skewness 1.677

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum of Log Data 3.951
Maximum of Log Data 7.907
Mean of log Data 6.022
SD of log Data 1.197

Relevant UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.804
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.874

Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level

Lognormal Distribution Test

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic 0.965
Shapiro Wilk Critical Value 0.874

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

95% Student's-t UCL 1093

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL (Chen-1995) 1165
95% Modified-t UCL (Johnson-1978) 1108

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

95% H-UCL 2388

95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 1986
97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 2508
99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL 3532

Gamma Distribution Test

k star (bias corrected) 0.847
Theta Star 857.9
MLE of Mean 726.7
MLE of Standard Deviation 789.6
nu star 23.72
Approximate Chi Square Value (.05) 13.64
Adjusted Level of Significance 0.0312
Adjusted Chi Square Value 12.63

Anderson-Darling Test Statistic 0.228

Anderson-Darling 5% Critical Value 0.76

Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test Statistic 0.123

Kolmogorov-Smirnov 5% Critical Value 0.235

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

95% Approximate Gamma UCL 1264
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL 1365

Potential UCL to Use

Data Distribution

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Nonparametric Statistics

95% CLT UCL 1067
95% Jackknife UCL 1093
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 1056
95% Bootstrap-t UCL 1369
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL 2694
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 1076
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 1148
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 1627
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 2017
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 2782

Use 95% Approximate Gamma UCL 1264

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Singh, and Iaci (2002) and Singh and Singh (2003). For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

MERCURY

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	48	Number of Detected Data	11
Number of Distinct Detected Data	11	Number of Non-Detect Data	37
		Percent Non-Detects	77.08%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.042	Minimum Detected	-3.17
Maximum Detected	0.38	Maximum Detected	-0.968
Mean of Detected	0.114	Mean of Detected	-2.36
SD of Detected	0.0933	SD of Detected	0.588
Minimum Non-Detect	0.037	Minimum Non-Detect	-3.297
Maximum Non-Detect	0.15	Maximum Non-Detect	-1.897
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended		Number treated as Non-Detect	47
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		Number treated as Detected	1
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs		Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	97.92%
UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.655	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.914
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.85	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.85
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	0.0622	Mean	-3.034
SD	0.0564	SD	0.708
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	0.0759	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	0.0763
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method	N/A	Log ROS Method	
MLE method failed to converge properly		Mean in Log Scale	-3.387
		SD in Log Scale	0.846
		Mean in Original Scale	0.05
		SD in Original Scale	0.0596
		95% t UCL	0.0644
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.0655
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.0711
		95% H-UCL	0.0633
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	2.09	Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	0.0546		
nu star	45.98		
A-D Test Statistic	0.706	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.735	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.735	Mean	0.0641
5% K-S Critical Value	0.257	SD	0.0535
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	0.00864
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	0.0786
		95% KM (z) UCL	0.0783

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	0.0761
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	0.0866
Maximum	0.38	95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0971
Mean	0.0362	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0888
Median	0.000001	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.102
SD	0.0695	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.118
k star	0.125	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.15
Theta star	0.289		
Nu star	12.01	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	5.232	95% KM (t) UCL	0.0786
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	0.083		
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	0.0853		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

General UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File Sheet2.wst
Full Precision OFF
Confidence Coefficient 95%
Number of Bootstrap Operations 10000

1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE

General Statistics

Number of Valid Data	8	Number of Detected Data	4
Number of Distinct Detected Data	4	Number of Non-Detect Data	4
		Percent Non-Detects	50.00%

Raw Statistics

Minimum Detected	1.3
Maximum Detected	25.55
Mean of Detected	9.1
SD of Detected	11.38
Minimum Non-Detect	0.17
Maximum Non-Detect	0.33

Log-transformed Statistics

Minimum Detected	0.262
Maximum Detected	3.241
Mean of Detected	1.518
SD of Detected	1.4
Minimum Non-Detect	-1.772
Maximum Non-Detect	-1.109

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	4
Number treated as Detected	4
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage	50.00%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

**Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set
the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions**

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

UCL Statistics

Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.808
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.907
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Normal Distribution

DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	4.613
SD	8.86
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	10.55

Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method N/A

MLE yields a negative mean

Assuming Lognormal Distribution

DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	-0.308
SD	2.171
95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	1769

Log ROS Method

Mean in Log Scale -0.693

SD in Log Scale 2.612

Mean in Original Scale 4.587

SD in Original Scale 8.874

95% t UCL 10.53

95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 9.985

95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 13

95% H-UCL 36299

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	0.38
Theta Star	23.96
nu star	3.038

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

A-D Test Statistic	0.372	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.669	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.669	Mean	5.2
5% K-S Critical Value	0.404	SD	7.985
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	3.26
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	11.38
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	10.56
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	10.81
Maximum	25.55	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	16.78
Mean	4.55	95% KM (BCA) UCL	14.52
Median	0.65	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	12.31
SD	8.896	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	19.41
k star	0.149	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	25.56
Theta star	30.51	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	37.63
Nu star	2.386	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	0.216	95% KM (t) UCL	11.38
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	50.15	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	12.31
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	8	Number of Detected Data	4
Number of Distinct Detected Data	4	Number of Non-Detect Data	4
		Percent Non-Detects	50.00%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	44.07	Minimum Detected	3.786
Maximum Detected	261	Maximum Detected	5.565
Mean of Detected	105.2	Mean of Detected	4.366
SD of Detected	104.1	SD of Detected	0.809
Minimum Non-Detect	0.19	Minimum Non-Detect	-1.661
Maximum Non-Detect	0.25	Maximum Non-Detect	-1.386

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 4

Number treated as Detected 4

Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 50.00%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.687	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.768
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748
Data not Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	52.65	Mean	1.075

	SD	88.3		SD	3.56
	95% DL/2 (t) UCL	111.8		95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	2.712E+09
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method		N/A	Log ROS Method		
MLE yields a negative mean			Mean in Log Scale		3.185
			SD in Log Scale		1.411
			Mean in Original Scale		56.68
			SD in Original Scale		85.67
			95% t UCL		114.1
			95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL		113.1
			95% BCA Bootstrap UCL		139.4
			95% H-UCL		718.2
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only			Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		
	k star (bias corrected)	0.636	Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
	Theta Star	165.4			
	nu star	5.088			
	A-D Test Statistic	0.725	Nonparametric Statistics		
	5% A-D Critical Value	0.661	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method		
	K-S Test Statistic	0.661	Mean		74.63
	5% K-S Critical Value	0.398	SD		70.68
Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level			SE of Mean		28.86
Assuming Gamma Distribution			95% KM (t) UCL		129.3
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data			95% KM (z) UCL		122.1
	Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL		122.2
	Maximum	261	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL		501.8
	Mean	52.6	95% KM (BCA) UCL		158.9
	Median	22.03	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL		133.4
	SD	88.34	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL		200.4
	k star	0.142	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL		254.8
	Theta star	369.9	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL		361.7
	Nu star	2.275	Potential UCLs to Use		
	AppChi2	0.195	95% KM (t) UCL		129.3
	95% Gamma Approximate UCL	614.7	95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL		133.4
	95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A			

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

TETRACHLOROETHENE

	General Statistics				
	Number of Valid Data	8		Number of Detected Data	4
	Number of Distinct Detected Data	4		Number of Non-Detect Data	4
				Percent Non-Detects	50.00%
Raw Statistics			Log-transformed Statistics		
	Minimum Detected	6		Minimum Detected	1.792
	Maximum Detected	33.3		Maximum Detected	3.506
	Mean of Detected	22.13		Mean of Detected	2.926
	SD of Detected	11.51		SD of Detected	0.769
	Minimum Non-Detect	0.285		Minimum Non-Detect	-1.255
	Maximum Non-Detect	0.29		Maximum Non-Detect	-1.238

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Number treated as Non-Detect 4

Number treated as Detected 4

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 50.00%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data
Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set
the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.894	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.786
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.748
Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	11.13	Mean	0.493
SD	13.96	SD	2.649
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	20.48	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	163207
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method		Log ROS Method	
Mean	2.394	Mean in Log Scale	1.908
SD	23.02	SD in Log Scale	1.233
95% MLE (t) UCL	17.82	Mean in Original Scale	12.37
95% MLE (Tiku) UCL	21.36	SD in Original Scale	12.88
		95% t UCL	21
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	19.74
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	20.58
		95% H UCL	94.13
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.937	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	23.62		
nu star	7.493		
A-D Test Statistic	0.559	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.659	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.659	Mean	14.06
5% K-S Critical Value	0.397	SD	10.71
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	4.372
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	22.34
Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (z) UCL	21.25
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (jackknife) UCL	25.79
Maximum	33.3	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	18.75
Mean	11.06	95% KM (BCA) UCL	28.02
Median	3	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	27.71
SD	14.02	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	33.12
k star	0.148	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	41.36
Theta star	74.87	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	57.56
Nu star	2.364	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	0.212	95% KM (t) UCL	22.34
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	123.4	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	27.71
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

TRICHLOROETHENE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	8	Number of Detected Data	5
Number of Distinct Detected Data	5	Number of Non-Detect Data	3
		Percent Non-Detects	37.50%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	0.62	Minimum Detected	-0.478
Maximum Detected	3700	Maximum Detected	8.216
Mean of Detected	1130	Mean of Detected	5.324
SD of Detected	1506	SD of Detected	3.386
Minimum Non-Detect	0.18	Minimum Non-Detect	-1.715
Maximum Non-Detect	0.22	Maximum Non-Detect	-1.514

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),
Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 3
Number treated as Detected 5
Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 37.50%

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data
Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set
the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.787	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.808
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.762	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.762
Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	706.3	Mean	2.475
SD	1280	SD	4.693
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	1564	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	3.952E+16
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method		Log ROS Method	
Mean	233.7	Mean in Log Scale	2.331
SD	1682	SD in Log Scale	4.91
95% MLE (t) UCL	1360	Mean in Original Scale	706.3
95% MLE (Tiku) UCL	1474	SD in Original Scale	1280
		95% t UCL	1564
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	1478
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	1850
		95% H UCL	9.952E+17
Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
k star (bias corrected)	0.288	Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Theta Star	3918		
nu star	2.884		
A-D Test Statistic	0.326	Nonparametric Statistics	
5% A-D Critical Value	0.727	Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
K-S Test Statistic	0.727	Mean	706.5
5% K-S Critical Value	0.376	SD	1197
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level		SE of Mean	473.3
Assuming Gamma Distribution		95% KM (t) UCL	1603
		95% KM (z) UCL	1485

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data		95% KM (jackknife) UCL	1520
Minimum	0.000001	95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	4440
Maximum	3700	95% KM (BCA) UCL	1729
Mean	706.3	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1602
Median	172.1	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2770
SD	1280	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3662
k star	0.144	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5416
Theta star	4908		
Nu star	2.302	Potential UCLs to Use	
AppChi2	0.2	95% KM (t) UCL	1603
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	8138	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1602
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	13285		

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.

VINYL CHLORIDE

General Statistics			
Number of Valid Data	8	Number of Detected Data	3
Number of Distinct Detected Data	3	Number of Non-Detect Data	5
		Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Raw Statistics		Log-transformed Statistics	
Minimum Detected	2.45	Minimum Detected	0.896
Maximum Detected	7	Maximum Detected	1.946
Mean of Detected	4.1	Mean of Detected	1.296
SD of Detected	2.519	SD of Detected	0.568
Minimum Non-Detect	0.21	Minimum Non-Detect	-1.561
Maximum Non-Detect	1.537	Maximum Non-Detect	0.43

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest ND are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 5

Number treated as Detected 3

Single DL Non-Detect Percentage 62.50%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

UCL Statistics			
Normal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only		Lognormal Distribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.815	Shapiro Wilk Test Statistic	0.855
5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767	5% Shapiro Wilk Critical Value	0.767
Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level		Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Assuming Normal Distribution		Assuming Lognormal Distribution	
DL/2 Substitution Method		DL/2 Substitution Method	
Mean	1.687	Mean	-0.668
SD	2.42	SD	1.785
95% DL/2 (t) UCL	3.308	95% H-Stat (DL/2) UCL	105
Maximum Likelihood Estimate(MLE) Method		Log ROS Method	
Mean	0.342	Mean in Log Scale	-0.016

SD	3.723	SD in Log Scale	1.176
95% MLE (t) UCL	2.836	Mean in Original Scale	1.839
95% MLE (Tiku) UCL	4.021	SD in Original Scale	2.311
		95% t UCL	3.387
		95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	3.197
		95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	3.737
		95% H UCL	11.01

Gamma Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

k star (bias corrected)	N/A
Theta Star	N/A
nu star	N/A

A-D Test Statistic	N/A
5% A-D Critical Value	N/A
K-S Test Statistic	N/A
5% K-S Critical Value	N/A

Data not Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Assuming Gamma Distribution

Gamma ROS Statistics using Extrapolated Data

Minimum	N/A
Maximum	N/A
Mean	N/A
Median	N/A
SD	N/A
k star	N/A
Theta star	N/A
Nu star	N/A
AppChi2	N/A
95% Gamma Approximate UCL	N/A
95% Adjusted Gamma UCL	N/A

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Nonparametric Statistics

Kaplan-Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	3.069
SD	1.492
SE of Mean	0.646
95% KM (t) UCL	4.292
95% KM (z) UCL	4.131
95% KM (jackknife) UCL	4.053
95% KM (bootstrap t) UCL	9.871
95% KM (BCA) UCL	7
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	7
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.884
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	7.102
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	9.495

Potential UCLs to Use

95% KM (t) UCL	4.292
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	7

Note: DL/2 is not a recommended method.

Note: Suggestions regarding the selection of a 95% UCL are provided to help the user to select the most appropriate 95% UCL.

These recommendations are based upon the results of the simulation studies summarized in Singh, Maichle, and Lee (2006).

For additional insight, the user may want to consult a statistician.